narrow band filtering said despread signal;

multiplying said received signals with said filtered despread signal and measuring a power level associated with a resultant multiplied signal to obtain a received power level associated with the specific spread-spectrum signal;

generating a power command signal by comparing said received power level with a threshold level;

transmitting said power command signal to the second station; and

adjusting the second station transmit power level with said power command signal.

12. The method according to claim **11** wherein

the multiplying is by logarithmically adding said received signals to said filtered despread signal.

13. The method according to claim **11** wherein adjusting the second station transmit power level with said power command signal is by either geometrically increasing or decreasing the transmitter power level responsive to the power command signal until the power level passes a desired power level and subsequently alternating between geometrically increasing and decreasing the power level with diminishing margins of error with respect to said desired power level on each iteration until said desired power level is obtained.

14. The method according to claim **11** wherein adjusting the second station transmit power level with said power command signal is by either non-linearly increasing or decreasing the transmitter power level responsive to the power command signal until the power level passes a desired power level and subsequently alternating between non-linearly increasing and decreasing the power level with diminishing margins of error with respect to said desired lower level on each iteration until said desired power level is obtained.

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